





Impress 2, Metrology for air pollutant emissions Stakeholders meeting, 11/01/2021

WP 2 Biomass Emissions, Introduction

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WP 2 Context

- Impact on air quality of the solid biomass heating generators used in the domestic sector all over Europe, mainly due to condensable fraction of PM and organics cimpounds: no SRM for the determination of the emissions of these parameters
- Biomass combustion considered as renewable and neutral in terms of CO₂ emissions: no on-line measurement techniques to apportion CO₂ emissions as renewable and fossil fuel derived
- Novel <u>hyperspectral methods</u> with <u>capability to monitor</u> <u>multispecies emissions from both biomass and other combustion</u> sources <u>exist and need to be evaluated</u>



WP 2 Overview

Global objective:

evaluate and validate measurement methods for the characterisation of emissions from wood and non-wood biomass combustion for a wide range of pollutants, including PM, OGC, SVOCs; PAHs as well as CO2 emissions.

3 Tasks:

- 2.1: Measurement methods for the characterization of PM and organic compounds emissions from domestic biomass combustion (INERIS, RISE, ENEA, ISSI, DTI)
- 2.2: Development of validated methods to distinguish the isotopic composition of CO2 emissions from biomass burning using online spectroscopic techniques (VTT).
- 2.3: Validation of novel hyperspectral techniques for simultaneous multispecies detection (VSL, UC3M, CEM)



WP 2 today's presentations

- Conception and evaluation of performance of a dilution chamber to collect solid and condensable fractions of PM emitted by wood logs and pellets stoves, Francesca Hugony, ENEA - Italy (Task 2.1)
- Optical spectrometer for real-time and on-site measurements of stable isotopes of combustion originated carbon dioxide, Ville Ulvila, VTT-Finland (Task 2.2)
- Hyperspectral techniques for air pollutant detection and quantification, Guillermo Guarnizo, UC3M-Spain (Task 2.3)



