





Fiducial Reference Measurements for validation of Surface Temperature from Satellites (FRM4STS)

ESA Contract No. 4000113848_15I-LG

OP-10: Web based library of calibration and validation documents for non-recoverable SST instruments

FEBRUARY 2018

Reference OFE-OP-10-V1-Iss-1-Ver-2-Draft

Issue 1
Revision 1

Date of Issue 28 February 2018

Document Type LIB

Approval/Acceptance ESA Craig Donlon Technical Officer		NPL Andrew Brown Project Manager	Andrew Brown, NPL		
	Signature		Signature		



INTENTIONALLY BLANK



Fiducial Reference Measurements for validation of Surface Temperature from Satellites (FRM4STS)

WEB BASED LIBRARY OF CALIBRATION AND VALIDATION DOCUMENTS FOR NON-RECOVERABLE SST INSTRUMENTS

Report prepared by David Meldrum DML

28 February 2018



© Queen's Printer and Controller of HMSO, 2018

National Physical Laboratory Hampton Road, Teddington, Middlesex, TW11 0LW

This report is Protect - Commercial and must not be exposed to casual examination. It is not for general distribution and should not be cited as a reference other than in accordance with the contract.



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	6
DATA SOURCES USED IN THE PRESENT STUDY	7
1. MANUFACTURER'S JOB FILES	
2. DEPLOYMENT LOG FILES	7
3. JCOMMOPS METADATA FILES	7
THE DATA MINING PROCESS	7
ANNEX A – AN OVERVIEW OF THE DATA MINING PROCESS	7
ANNEX B – EXTRACT FROM A MANUFACTURER'S JOB FILE	11
ANNEX C – EXTRACT FROM DEPLOYMENT LOG FILES	
1. EXTRACT FROM A GDP DEPLOYMENT LOG	12
2. EXTRACT FROM AN ESURFMAR DEPLOYMENT LOG	12
ANNEX D – EXTRACT FROM THE JCOMMOPS DATABASE	



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

FRM4STS Option 1 comprised a body of work to examine every aspect of the reporting and management of SST originating from the global drifter fleet: past, present and future. In addition to the production of a technical report that outlines best practice for the future, particularly with regard to SI traceability of drifter SST, and a scientific and technical workshop to bring together the drifter SST community to examine the issues around the creation and maintenance of a drifter SST database traceable to SI and agree best practice for the future, the work required the creation of tools to comb and mine historical databases and platform files for metadata relating to drifter measurement of SST. This latter activity is the subject of this short report.

The motivation for the study was the increased emphasis being placed by climate scientists and the satellite community on the drifter SST record, and for the need to better quantify the traceability of the measurements to SI, and to elucidate the uncertainty budgets associated with the measurements. Indeed, the quality of satellite SST retrievals currently depends ultimately on the uncertainties associated with drifter observations, and for that reason alone ESA were keen to better quantify and document these uncertainties.

It was immediately recognised that this should not be a one-shot activity, and that for the endeavour to be valuable, means should be put in place to ensure that it continued to be updated on a regular basis. Fortunately, the Data Buoy Co-operation Panel (DBCP), an IOC-WMO body that seeks to co-ordinate global data buoy activities, and which has been proactive in establishing better links with the satellite community, has accepted its responsibility in this area and has committed its Technical Co-ordinator at JCOMMOPS in Brest to taking on this task.

Lovro Valcic, an IT expert and former colleague of the author, enthusiastically addressed the initial difficult task of bringing together the multifarious metadata sources – manufacturers' job files, JCOMMOPS archives and buoy operator deployment logs – and it is mostly his work that is reported here. This is very much a body of work in progress, and Mr Valcic is in dialogue with JCOMMOPS about the handover of the task to themselves, its integration into their ongoing activities in the field of metadata integration, and the sustained maintenance of the capability.



DATA SOURCES USED IN THE PRESENT STUDY

1. MANUFACTURER'S JOB FILES

Many manufacturers are, and have been, involved in the manufacture of the 'standard' SVP drifter over a period of more than 20 years. Not all of these manufacturers are still in existence, and, furthermore none of them in any case adhered strictly to the SVP 'standard' published by the DBCP¹. Nonetheless, a considerable effort by the manufacturing community and the US Global Drifter Program (GDP) has made the majority of historical job files available to this study.

Typically, of interest to our study, the job file will list the drifter's telecommunications ID, the type of SST sensor, the transfer function that converts sensor output to a field in the transmitted message, and the resolution of the reported SST estimate. It will not in general contain any traceability or calibration data, nor, crucially, the WMO ID which is assigned to the drifter on deployment, and is the identifier best known to the downstream data users, be they a national weather service, an ocean laboratory, a satellite SST expert, or a climate scientist. Unfortunately a WMO ID is not necessarily unique, and may be recycled some months after the drifter originally bearing it has ceased operation.

A typical manufacturer job file is attached as Annex B.

2. DEPLOYMENT LOG FILES

Buoy programme operators maintain log files of their deployments. These may include details of the deployment location, the assigned WMO ID, further details of the SST sensor, and the dates of partial and/or complete failure, including the date of drogue loss, of itself of use in understanding what the SST senor might actually have been measuring. Each buoy operator adopts different protocols, spanning different time periods. The most comprehensive is the GDP deployment log file, listing more than 20000 drifter deployments over a period of nearly 40 years.

Examples of deployment logs are given in Annex C.

3. JCOMMOPS METADATA FILES

JCOMMOPS has struggled over many years to collect a comprehensive metadata dataset, which to some extent has prompted our study. The main reason for this is that it requires all operators to take the trouble to submit their metadata, an activity which until recently has been seen to be of low priority.

However, they do maintain a database of all drifters that have ever reported on the Global Telecommunication System of the World Meteorological Organization, the main route by which drifter data reaches end users and the designated archives. This comprehensive list is vital in linking a drifter's WMO ID, by which it is known to the end user, to its telecommunications ID (with which it was equipped at the point of manufacture) and all the associated metadata.

An extract of this database is given at Annex D.

THE DATA MINING PROCESS

This is summarised in the following slides (Annex A). The work is ongoing and is the subject of a close dialogue between Mr Valcic and the designated officers at JCOMMOPS who will be responsible for its ongoing maintenance and integration with their other metadata gathering activities.

ANNEX A – AN OVERVIEW OF THE DATA MINING PROCESS

¹ https://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/amp/mmop/documents/dbcp/Dbcp4/DBCP-4-svpb_design_ref_rev2.pdf



In General

- o Develop an exploratory tool for mining SST Drifter metadata
- o Focused on existing data sources stored in various file types
- o Developed a Windows based tool first
 - o Perl, LibreOffice
- o Developed a Linux server based tool second
 - o Perl, LibreOffice, MySQL, PHP, JavaScript, Ajax
- o Server available @ http://bruncin.ydns.eu/drifter-app
 - o Username: drifter
 - o Password: sstData!



minchinem.com

Custom Solutions for Observation Systems

The Archive

- o Individual files
- Various file formats

o PDF 56 4.4% o RTF 91 7.2% o TXT 469 37.2% o DOC 646 51.2%

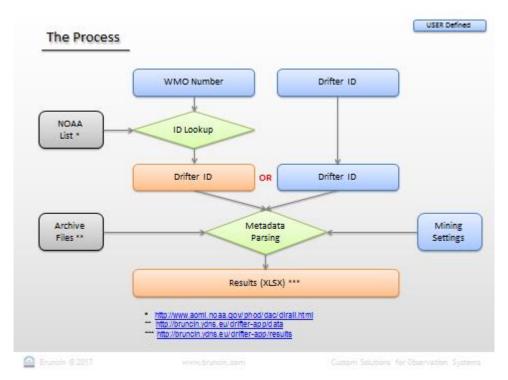
- o Various file structure
 - o No typical or standardized way of describing key fields and metadata
- o Q: Should we develop a standardized web form for metadata input?

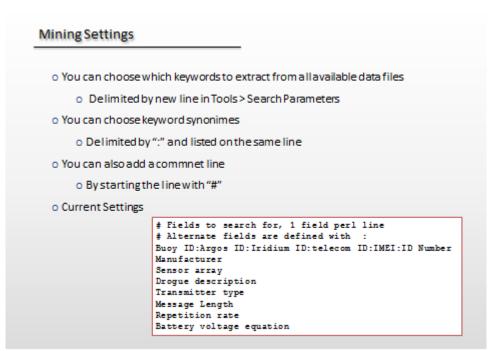
△ Brunoin € 1917

www.bn.noin.com

Custom Solutions for Observation Systems







Bruncin ⊗ 2017

www.bruncin.com

Custom Solutions for Observation System



Next steps

- o Use the feedback from the comunity to fine tune and extract the legacy metadata
- o Develop and maintain a standard metadata format
 - o Start with the common base and extend from there
 - o e.g. EGO standard format for the sea gliders
- o Develop a web/app/cloud tool for metadata management
 - o Enter legacy metadata
 - o Enteryour metadata
 - o Access and manage the metadata
 - o Associate metadata with data products
 - o Automate as much as possible



verencian com

Custom Solutions for Observation Systems



ANNEX B - EXTRACT FROM A MANUFACTURER'S JOB FILE

ARGOS IDs 29347, 29348, 29349.

Manufacturer METOCEAN Data Systems Ltd. (Job 817A)

(SCN 1016 V2.63, FID 2088, SID 2022)

Sensor Array Sea Surface Temperature, Battery Voltage, Optical Colour Monitor

Surface Float 35.5 cm diameter, fiberglass surface float. Construction; 1.5 oz

per sq. ft (500g/m^2) fiberglass mat; outer gel coat for UV

protection and prevent water absorption.

Drogue Depth centered at 15.4 m

Drogue Length 12.19 m

Duty Cycle Continuous (100 % On)

Message Length 256 bits

Message Format: 8 bits Checksum

12 bits Radiance channel 1 (Lu683) 8 bits Std Deviation channel 1 12 bits Radiance channel 2 (Lu670) 8 bits Std Deviation channel 2 12 bits Radiance channel 3 (Lu555) 8 bits Std Deviation channel 3 Radiance channel 4 (Lu510) 12 bits Std Deviation channel 4 8 bits 12 bits Radiance channel 5 (Lu490) Std Deviation channel 5 8 bits Radiance channel 6 (Lu443) 12 bits Std Deviation channel 6 8 bits 12 bits Radiance channel 7 (Lu412) 8 bits Std Deviation channel 7 12 bits Irradiance channel (Ed490)

8 bits Std Deviation irradiance channel

6 bits Data Age

4 bits Number of averages in OCM data

2 bits Message ID (Always zero for this product)

4 bits Blank, set to zero 6 bits Battery Voltage

10 bits Sea Surface Temperature

8 bits Percentage Time On Surface during surface check

function

8 bits Average Surface Time 8 bits Average submerged wait

8 bits Average pressure sensor volts

8 bits Surface voltage 8 bits Maximum depth voltage 8 bits Last night length

Observation Cycle OCM data is gathered once every 90 seconds and averaged over a one hour period. Pressure sensor

calibration is performed at the beginning of the averaging period. The data is processed and transmit message are updated once per hour.

Transmission Repetition Rate 90 seconds

Temperature Sensor Type 0.1 degree C interchangable thermistor, model YSI

44032 in a capped 316ss Swagelock through-hull

fitting at base of surface float.

Temperature Equation Temp (C) = n * 0.05 - 2

NOTE: METOCEAN temperature sensors are compensated in software therefore the equation is the total

calculation required.)



ANNEX C – EXTRACT FROM DEPLOYMENT LOG FILES

1. EXTRACT FROM A GDP DEPLOYMENT LOG

ID	WMO#	Dep	Dat	te	De	ep. Lat	Der	. Long	g Ship	Manufacturer	Type	Prgm
63224600	4401530	2016	09	01	36	00.0N	062	48.0W	CMA CGM MAUPASSAN	!DBi	BD2GI	20921
145778	5100817	2016	08	31	10	20.4N	124	05.2W	R/V REVELLE	!Pacific Gy	SVPGS3	6129
63225620	4401532	2016	08	31	33	42.0N	070	00.0W	CMA CGM MAUPASSAN	!DBi	BD2GI	20921
63473590	2301542	2016	80	28	02	58.2N	079	40.0E	AWASSI EXPRESS	!DBi	BD2GI	21312
62327970	4601509	2016	80	27	48	33.8N	160	05.2W	WESTWOOD RAINIER	!SIO	BD2GHI	21312
63473570	2301541	2016	80	27	00	00.1S	082	49.5E	AWASSI EXPRESS	!DBi	BD2GI	21312
145722	5100811	2016	08	26	10	04.5N	125	00.8W	R/V REVELLE	!Pacific Gy	SVPGS3	6129
145733	5100812	2016	08	26	10	03.5N	124	59.9W	R/V REVELLE	!Pacific Gy	SVPGS3	6129
62327980	4601510	2016	80	26	48	33.7N	167	56.5E	WESTWOOD RAINIER	!SIO	BD2GHI	21312
63353030	1401510	2016	80	26	01	00.0N	046	09.0E	CMA CGM LA TOUR	!SIO	SVPGHI	21312
63354040	1401515	2016	80	26	01	00.0N	046	09.0E	CMA CGM LA TOUR	!SIO	SVPGHI	21312
63472610	5301505	2016	80	26	03	05.5N	086	15.0E	AWASSI EXPRESS	!DBi	BD2GI	21312
145718	5100816	2016	80	23	10	03.2N	125	00.6W	R/V REVELLE	!Pacific Gy	SVPGS3	6129
63269720	6203506	2016	80	22	52	46.2N	043	42.6W	SEAKEEPERS - Silv	!Metocean	SVP3GI	21312
62328970	4601512	2016	80	21	50	47.8N	145	07.5W	WESTWOOD RAINIER	!SIO	BD2GHI	21312
62052460	6101586	2016	80	17	36	30.1N	014	21.9E	UNKNOWN	!Pacific Gy	SVP3GI	2222
62720290	1601514	2016	80	17	49	32.0S	063	59.0E	OSIRIS	!Metocean	BD2GI	21312
62729290	1601513	2016	80	17	48	07.0S	060	00.0E	OSIRIS	!Metocean	BD2GI	21312
62729310	1601518								OSIRIS	!Metocean	BD2GI	21312
62749250	6101587	2016	80	17	36	24.6N	014	19.9E	UNKNOWN	!Pacific Gy	SVP3GI	2222
62836830	6101588								UNKNOWN	!Pacific Gy	SVP3GI	2222
62837560									UNKNOWN	!Pacific Gy		2222
62837770		2016	08	17	36	08.9N	014	15.6E	UNKNOWN	!Pacific Gy	SVP3GI	2222
62723310	1601515	2016	80	16	47	39.0s	058	02.0E	OSIRIS	!Metocean	BD2GI	21312
62725280	1601516	2016	08	16	46	54.0S	054	17.0E	OSIRIS	!Metocean	BD2GI	21312

2. EXTRACT FROM AN ESURFMAR DEPLOYMENT LOG

WMO Iridium IMEI Version & Job Id.	Owner Dep	. Date Dep.	Lat Dep. Lon
Region Ship name From SST pr			
4400612 300034013012860 Metocean-1.0			
North Atlantic Canadian CG Halifa			
4400724 300034012278800 Metocean-1.0			
North Atlantic Antwerpen Express	Halifax YSI	46000 0.15	11/02/2011
4400602 300034013205680 Metocean-1.0			
North Atlantic Antwerpen Express 4400603 300034013206760 Metocean-1.0	Halifax YSI	46000 0.15	28/03/2011
4400603 300034013206760 Metocean-1.0	E-Surfmar	05/11/2010	50.3 -32.0
North Atlantic Antwerpen Express			
6200597 300034013612160 Metocean-1.0			50.0 -35.0
North Atlantic Antwerpen Express	Halifax YSI	46000 0.15	08/01/2011
6200598 300034013809440 Metocean-1.0	E-Surfmar	05/11/2010	50.5 -29.0
North Atlantic Antwerpen Express 1300979 300034013409170 Metocean-1.0	Halifax YSI	46000 0.15	29/03/2011
1300979 300034013409170 Metocean-1.0	E-Surfmar	03/12/2010	33.0 -20.5
North Atlantic Fort Ste Marie Le Hav	re YSI	46000 0.15	24/03/2011
1300980 300034013112260 Metocean-1.0	E-Surfmar	04/12/2010	27.7 -25.0
North Atlantic Fort Ste Marie Le Hav	re YSI	46000 0.15	23/03/2011
1300981 300034013615160 Metocean-1.0	E-Surfmar	05/12/2010	24.0 -31.0
North Atlantic Fort Ste Marie Le Hav	re YSI	46000 0.15	05/05/2011
4100633 300034013610160 Metocean-1.0	E-Surfmar	06/12/2010	21.6 -40.0
North Atlantic Fort Ste Marie Le Hav	re YSI	46000 0.15	26/03/2011
1300972 300034013808440 Metocean-1.0	E-Surfmar	06/12/2010	23.5 -33.0
North Atlantic Fort Ste Marie Le Hav	re YSI	46000 0.15	04/06/2011
4100634 300034013803460 Metocean-1.0	E-Surfmar	07/12/2010	20.4 -45.0
North Atlantic Fort Ste Marie Le Hav			
1700931 300234010303820 Metocean-1.0	Met Office	10/12/2010	-50.0 8.0
South Atlantic Ernest Shackelton	Southampton	YSI 46000	0.15 16/03/2013
1700928 300234010303920 Metocean-1.0			
South Atlantic Ernest Shackelton	Southampton	YSI 46000	0.15 19/05/2013
1700933 300234010305910 Metocean-1.0	Met Office	12/12/2010	-60.0 0.1
South Atlantic Ernest			



ANNEX D – EXTRACT FROM THE JCOMMOPS DATABASE

JCOMMOPS WMO-PLATFORM cross reference list as of 2017-11-19 (with WMO Ids that are numerical)

WMO; TELECOM ID; TELECOM SYSTEM; PTFM NAME; PTFM FAMILY; PTFM TYPE; CONTACT NAME; EMAIL; PROGRAM; ROLE; AGENCY; COUNTRY; ALLOC DATE; DEALLOC DATE; ARGOS PROG

```
4800552;300234011461430;IRIDIUM;SVP;DB;SVP;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP US;Program
Manager; University of Washington; USA; 2014-02-26; 2016-11-30;
4800556;135084;ARGOS;DB;DB;DB;Chris O'Connors;christopher.o'connors@noaa.gov;NIC-IABP;Program
Manager;; USA; 2014-03-10;;
4800560;300234011974530;IRIDIUM;SVP;DB;SVP;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP US;Program
Manager; University of Washington; USA; 2014-03-10; 2016-10-15;
4800564;135081;ARGOS;DB;DB;Chris O'Connors;christopher.o'connors@noaa.gov;NIC-IABP;Program
Manager;; USA; 2014-03-24; 2015-07-06;
4800568;300234061363210;IRIDIUM;SVP;DB;SVP;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP US;Program
Manager; University of Washington; USA; 2014-04-28; 2016-09-01;
4800570;126477;ARGOS;XIB;ICE BUOYS;ICEBUOY;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP US;Program
Manager; University of Washington; USA; 2014-07-22;;
4800593;300234060435540;IRIDIUM;SVP METOCEAN;DB;SVP;Chris Marshall;chris.marshall@ec.gc.ca;EC-
IABP; Program Manager; ENVIRONMENT CANADA; CAN; 2013-10-06; 2015-03-24;
4800597;100009;IRIDIUM;O-BUOY;ICE_BUOYS;ICEBUOY;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP;Program
Manager; University of Washington; USA; 2013-11-12; 2015-11-30;
4800598;100010;IRIDIUM;O-BUOY;ICE BUOYS;ICEBUOY;Iqnatius Rigor;iqnatius@uw.edu;IABP;Program
Manager; University of Washington; USA; 2013-11-12; 2015-09-24;
4800627;137807;IRIDIUM;DB;DB;DB; ;;DBCP;;;;2014-09-25;2015-08-14;
4800633;300234062555760;IRIDIUM;ICEBALL;ICE_BUOYS;ICEBUOY;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP
US; Program Manager; University of Washington; USA; 1900-01-01;;
4800638;300234062551190;IRIDIUM;SVP;DB;SVP;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP;Program
Manager; University of Washington; USA; 1900-01-01; 2015-12-14;
4800639;300234062555770;IRIDIUM;SVP;DB;SVP; ;;DBCP;;;;1900-01-01;2015-04-17;
4800644;300234062551780;IRIDIUM;SVP;DB;SVP;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP;Program
Manager; University of Washington; USA; 1900-01-01; 2015-09-30;
4800645;300234062552770;IRIDIUM;SVP;DB;SVP;Ignatius Rigor;ignatius@uw.edu;IABP;Program
Manager; University of Washington ; USA; 1900-01-01; 2016-11-29;
4800646;300234011472110;IRIDIUM;ICEBALL;ICE BUOYS;ICEBUOY;Ignatius
Rigor; ignatius@uw.edu; IABP; Program Manager; University of Washington; USA; 1900-01-01; 2015-11-
05;
4800680;300234060233160;IRIDIUM;ICEBALL;ICE BUOYS;ICEBUOY; ;;IABP-UW;;;USA;1900-01-01;2015-07-
5100639;101796;ARGOS3;DB CLEARWATER;DB;DB;Mayra Pazos;mayra.pazos@noaa.gov;AOML;Program
Manager; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administation; USA; 2013-07-01; 2015-07-30;
5100645;114759;ARGOS3;SVP_CLEARWATER;DB;SVP;Mayra Pazos;mayra.pazos@noaa.gov;AOML;Program
Manager; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administation; USA; 2013-07-13; 2015-10-21;
5100648;114932;ARGOS3;SVP CLEARWATER;DB;SVP;Mayra Pazos;mayra.pazos@noaa.gov;AOML;Program
Manager; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administation; USA; 2013-07-14; 2015-07-31;
3300555;114590;ARGOS3;DB_METOCEAN;DB;DB;Mayra Pazos;mayra.pazos@noaa.gov;AOML;Program
Manager; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administation; USA; 2015-01-08; 2016-11-29;
3300556;123314;ARGOS;SVP METOCEAN;DB;SVP;Mayra Pazos;mayra.pazos@noaa.gov;AOML;Program
Manager; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administation; USA; 2013-10-17; 2015-08-05;
3300557;116077;ARGOS3;DB_PACIFIC-GYRE;DB;DB;Mayra Pazos;mayra.pazos@noaa.gov;AOML;Program
Manager; National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; USA; 2015-01-08; 2016-02-19;
3300558;60079900;IRIDIUM;DB SIO;DB;DB; ;;DBCP;;;;2013-10-31;2017-04-12;
3300559;60298720;IRIDIUM;DB SIO;DB;DB; ;;DBCP;;;;2013-10-31;2016-04-05;
4400025;;UNKNOWN;MB;MB;MET MB;Karen Grissom;karen.grissom@noaa.gov;NDBC-NOAA-NWS;Program
Manager;;USA;1900-01-01;;
4400034;;UNKNOWN;METMB;MET MB;Karen Grissom;karen.grissom@noaa.gov;NDBC-NOAA-NWS;Program
Manager;;USA;2009-08-11;;
4400037;;UNKNOWN;METMB;MET MB;Karen Grissom;karen.grissom@noaa.gov;NDBC-NOAA-NWS;Program
Manager;; USA; 2009-08-11;;
4400043;;UNKNOWN;MB;MBT_MB;CBIBS NOAA;cbibs@noaa.gov;NOAA-CBIBS;Program Manager;;USA;1900-
4400050;;UNKNOWN;MB;MB;MET MB;Gilbert EMZIVAT;gilbert.emzivat@meteo.fr;Meteo France MB;Program
Manager; Meteo France; FRA; 2011-11-30;;
```

-END OF DOCUMENT-